



HSJ

**PATIENT SAFETY
CONGRESS**

Turning PSIRF theory into practice – learning from frontline NHS safety leaders

HSJ congress panel, September 2024

Catherine Okonkwo, Irum Rela, Deborah Dover, Annie Hunningher

Chair: Murray Anderson Wallace



[#HSJpatientsafety](#)

Catherine Okonkwo

Patient Safety Partner
NHS North East London

"To err is human, but to cover up is unforgivable, and to fail to learn is inexcusable."

— Sir Liam Donaldson, former Chief Medical Officer for England

What is PSIRF?

1. Shift from Serious Incidents to PSIRF
2. Focus on proactive learning
3. Cultural change

What is a PSP?

The [Framework for Involving Patients in Patient Safety](#) sets out how NHS organisations should involve Patient Safety Partners in patient safety.

Shaping recruitment processes and sitting on recruitment panels

Supporting the development of organisational strategies and policies

Co-hosting engagement events and workshops

Undertaking safety audits and assessments

Involvement in safety improvement projects and co-producing change initiatives



#HSJpatientsafety

PSIRF + PSP = Success!

1. Bringing the patient voice into PSIRF
2. Improving transparency and trust
3. Co-production in action

What are some practical
strategies that can be
employed?

1. Do you know your PSP?
2. Foster a safety culture
3. Data. Data. Data!
4. Incorporate PSP's in the process
5. Provide training and support (maybe even KPI's)
6. Everyone's responsibility

Final thoughts...

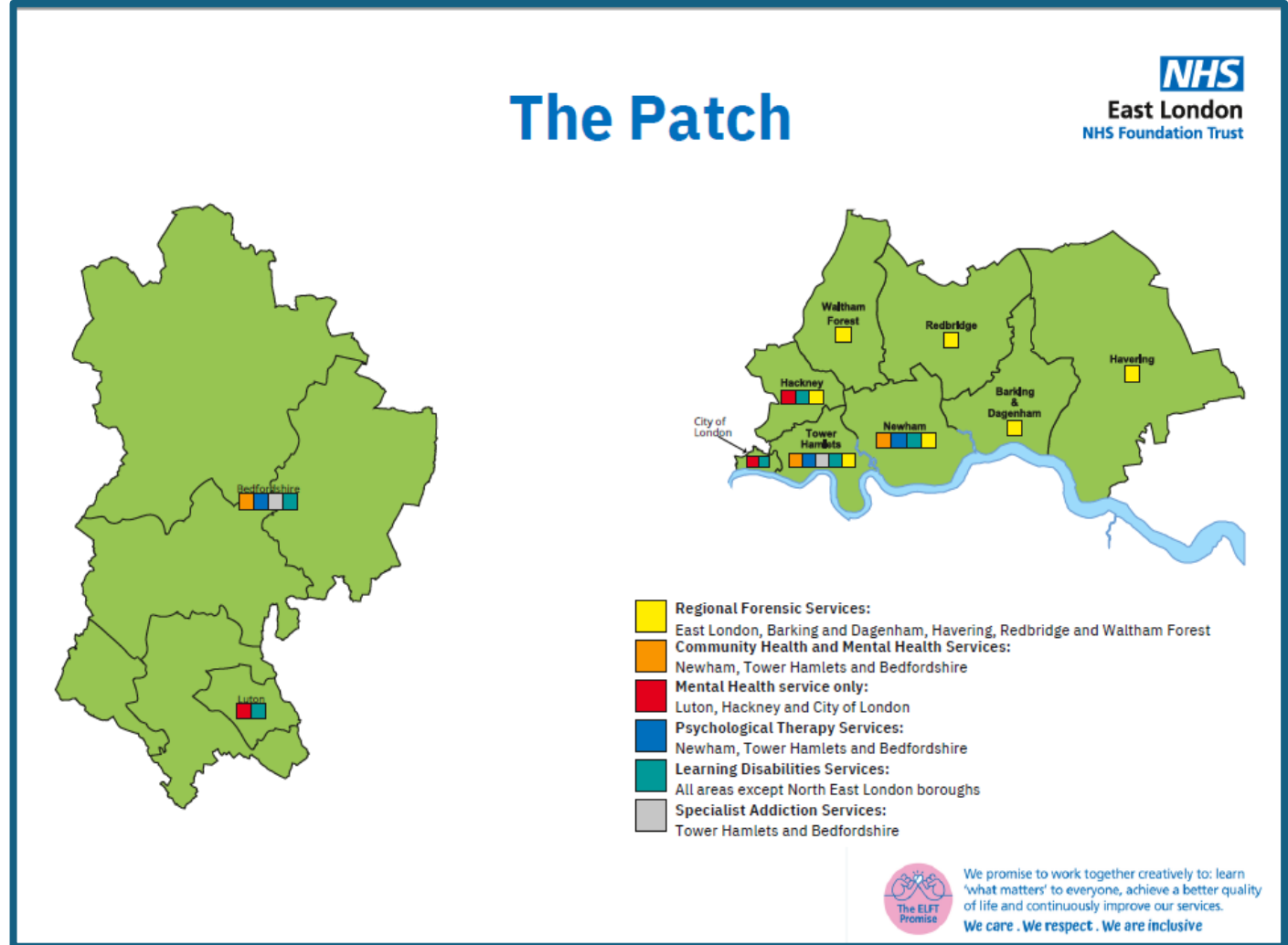
Patient safety is not a department, a person, or a process—it's a commitment.

Irum Rela

Patient Safety Partner
East London NHS Foundation Trust

ELFT context

- NHS provider of mental health, community health and primary care services
- Boroughs within North East London + Luton and Bedfordshire (population of 2 million)
- Diverse boroughs
- CQC 'Outstanding' Trust known for Quality Improvement and coproduction



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- Significant experience as a patient (+ iatrogenic harm)
- Experience working frontline and in service development/leadership
- Passionate about improving services, healthcare geek, NHS supporter

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Fascinating, meaningful, challenging, emotive

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How are service users and carers involved in safety work?

- Sexual safety
- Medicines safety
- Quality Improvement projects
- Post-incident learning responses*
- Project work e.g. CCTV policy review



Reflections on PSIRF

In many ways, I am
one of the more
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Challenge of learning
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NHS wide?)

Reflections on PSIRF

Challenge of **addressing** system factors identified with SEIPS framework

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e.g. Family Liaison Officer

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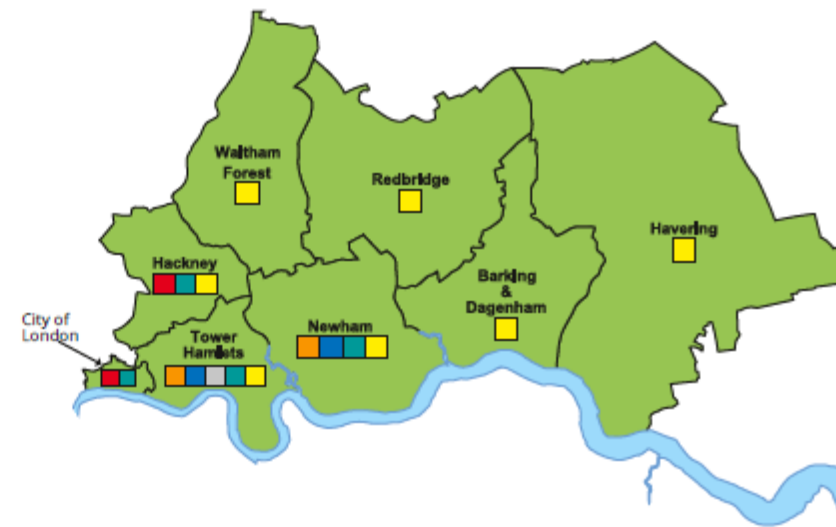
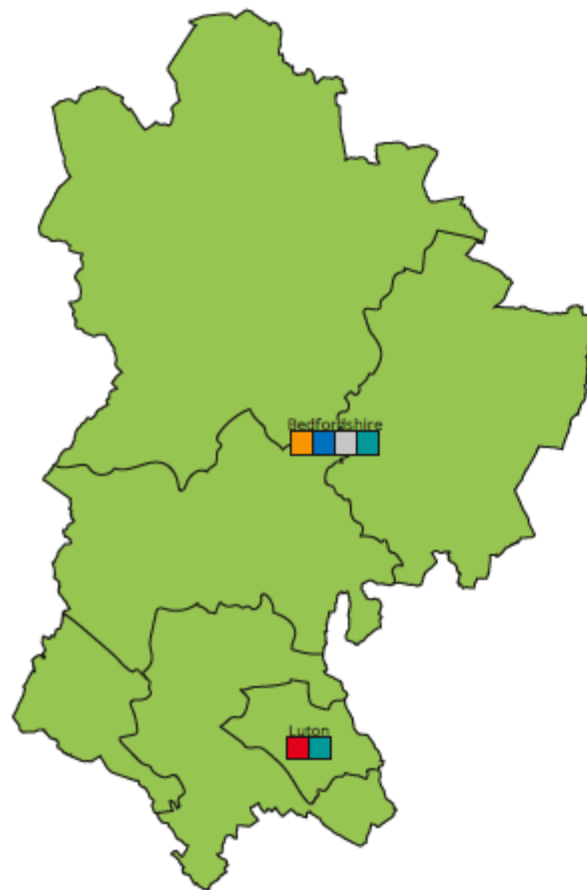
What if we put this much work into responding to PALS/ complaints and informal + formal patient/carer + staff feedback? Could we 'learn lessons' **earlier**?

Challenge of learning and improving on a **large scale** (trustwide? NHS wide?)

Dr Deborah Dover

Director of Patient Safety
East London NHS Foundation Trust

The Patch



- Regional Forensic Services:**
East London, Barking and Dagenham, Havering, Redbridge and Waltham Forest
- Community Health and Mental Health Services:**
Newham, Tower Hamlets and Bedfordshire
- Mental Health service only:**
Luton, Hackney and City of London
- Psychological Therapy Services:**
Newham, Tower Hamlets and Bedfordshire
- Learning Disabilities Services:**
All areas except North East London boroughs
- Specialist Addiction Services:**
Tower Hamlets and Bedfordshire

ELFT Safety Plan



Mission
To continuously improve safety for our service users, our staff and for our local communities

No Safety without Equity

- Culture, leadership and governance
- Continuous Learning, Insight & Improvement
- Involvement of patients, carers and families
- Workforce Safety and well-being
- Safer Communities

After Action Review

- Facilitated group discussion focussed on learning
- Close to frontline, and soon after event.
- Captures multiples perspectives
- In-group learning + onward sharing



What was supposed to happen?

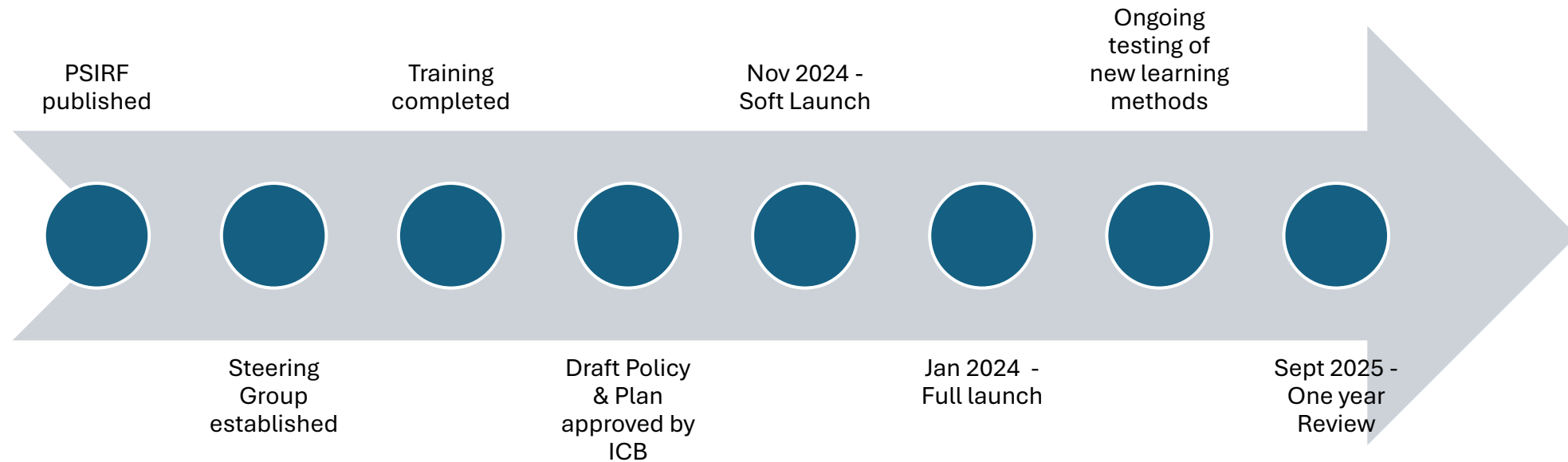
What actually happened?

What can we learn?

Why were there differences?

Who does what as a result?

Description and scope of the Action Under Review



We care
We respect
We are inclusive

Ask about the
#ELFTPromise

STRENGTHS

- ✓ Training & coaching
- ✓ Collective leadership & board support
- ✓ Decision-making and Oversight
- ✓ Improvement Programmes
 - ✓ In-patient Safety
 - ✓ Safety Culture
 - ✓ SU and carer
 - ✓ Staff Support
- ✓ New learning methods & thematic approach
- ✓ PSIRF beyond incidents
- ✓ Internal Safety system & system contacts
- ✓ Measuring what matters

CHALLENGES

- Pace
- Capacity & confidence to shift to thematic & improvement focus
- Local leadership, central support
- Designing suitable learning methods
- System analysis
- Thematic intelligence
- Evaluation



We care
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REALITY



EXPECTATIONS



We care
We respect
We are inclusive



We care
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We care
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Dr Annie Hunningher

Group Patient Safety Lead,
Consultant in Anaesthesia
Barts Health NHS Trust

The Context Barts Health

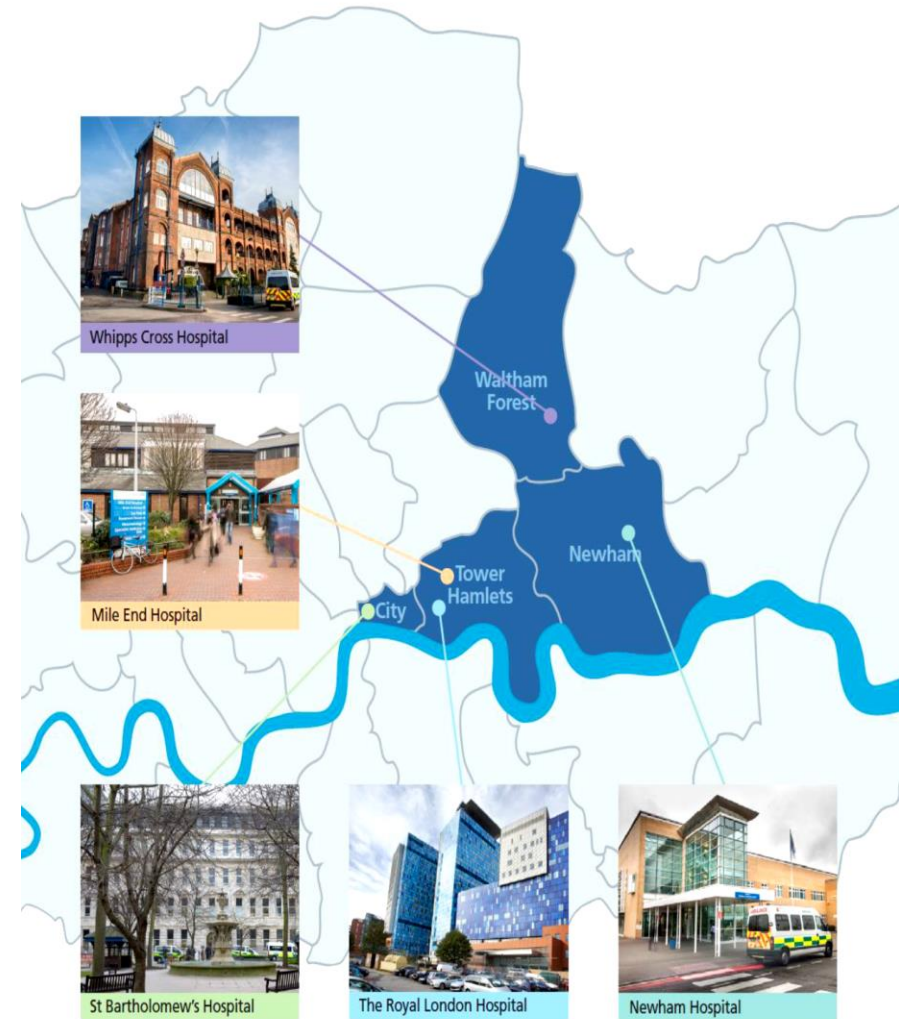
Group and Hospital
Executive leadership model

5 hospitals

Host organisation for the
North East and South East
London Pathology
Partnership

One of the largest Trusts in
the UK

20 000 staff



Our Vision for Safety

INSIGHT

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graph TD; A[INSIGHT] --> B[INVOLVEMENT OF OUR PATIENTS AND STAFF]; B --> C[IMPROVEMENT OF OUR SAFETY PRIORITIES];
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INVOLVEMENT OF OUR PATIENTS
AND STAFF

IMPROVEMENT OF OUR
SAFETY PRIORITIES

Achievements

Go Live Nov 23

Executive support

Implementation Groups

Creation of Learning Response resources

Patient Safety Partners recruitment

Patient Safety Specialists

Review of metrics: Structure, Process and Outcome

3 PSIRF Group summits

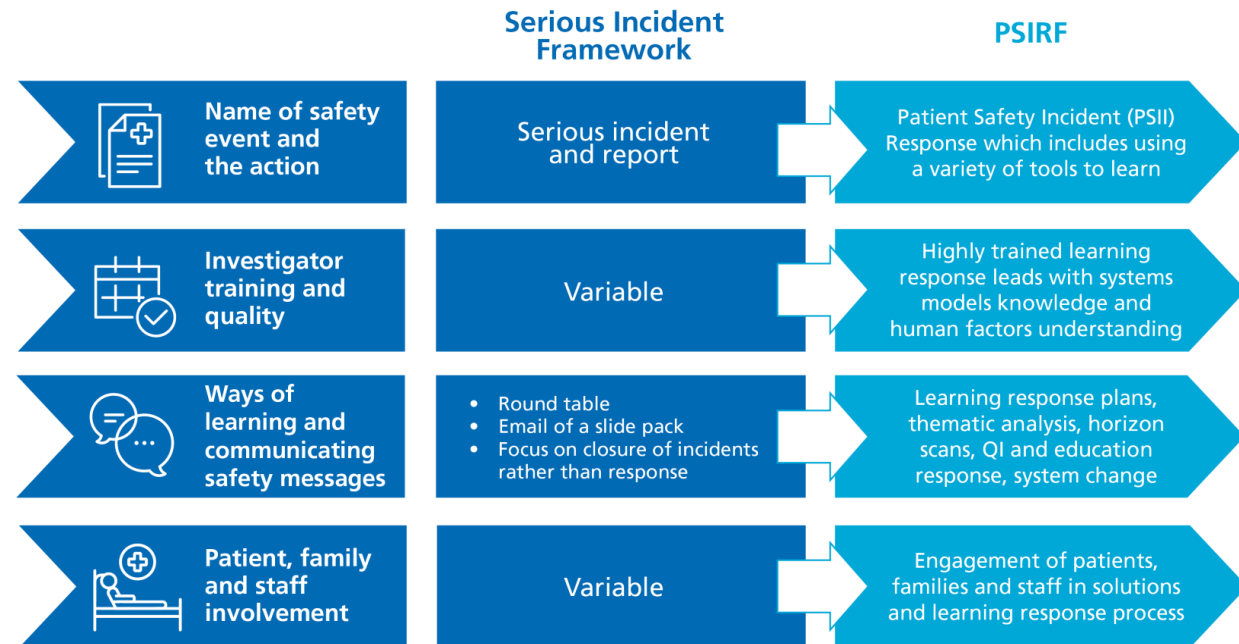
Mandatory 1-2 safety training

External and internal safety training

What's changing slide

Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF): what's changing?

The **Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF)** is a new way to manage our patient safety incidents. Replacing the current Serious Incident Framework (SIs), it sets a new direction for responding to patient safety incidents, focusing on understanding how incidents happen and avoiding blame.



WeShare everything in one place...

PSIRF: resources to help and learning response templates

Under the new patient safety incident response framework (PSIRF), there is a new way of investigating patient safety events. Alongside this, there are new resources, including templates, available, to help everyone respond to these events.

As this new framework has a large focus on learning, we're taking the same approach with our templates. This means that if we feel they need to be updated to help us better respond to patient safety events, we'll make those updates. We ask that you please keep an eye on this page and check in to make sure you're using the latest version of each template.

WeShare
resources



- [PSIRF Swarm Huddle template.November 2023.docx](#) 500KB
- [PSIRF After Action Review template. November 2023.docx](#) 435KB
- [PSIRF MDT template.November 2023.docx](#) 655KB
- [PSIRF PSII Report template. November 2023.docx](#) 124KB
- [National Just and Restorative Culture. guide.November 2023.pdf](#) 856KB
- [National Just and Restorative Culture Checklist.November 2023.pdf](#) 123KB

Engagement lead resources

- [Engagement leads Engaging with and supporting colleagues during a PSII.November 2023.pdf](#) 133KB
- [Engagement leads working with families during a PSII.November 2023.pptx](#) 277KB


Learning response lead resources

- [Learning Response Leads Engaging and supporting staff in a PSII.November 2023.pptx](#) 715KB


Further support on patient safety incident response framework (PSIRF)

Health Services Safety Investigations Body (HSSIB) offer courses on patient safety, including PSIRF

Find out more >

What have we learnt?				
<p>Step 4: Explore what happened and why through the lens of the SEIPS/Fishbone framework</p>		<p>Using the SEIPS model above identify the possible causes leading to the event (safety 1) & areas of success (safety 2) below:</p>		
Work system (SEIPS) elements		Safety 1 What are the possible causes that led to the event?		Safety 2 What areas of success do we want to acknowledge?
Barriers (Safety 1) or Facilitators (Safety 2) to safety	Tools & Technology			
	Tasks			
	Person			
	Internal Environment			
	External Environment			
	Organisation			

PART 3: Safety (Systems) Improvement Plan (SIP)

Safety (Systems) Improvement Plan					
<p>Develop safety actions for the SIP below which are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developed from the identification of where improvement is needed (above) SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, Timely) Systems (SEIPS) focussed (strong) Not individual focused (weak) Inclusive of Safety 2 elements to build on the learning from what is working well Considers the interrelated nature/relationships <i>between</i> the SEIPS work system factors identified 					<p>What are we trying to accomplish?</p> <p>How will we know if the change has made an improvement?</p> <p>What changes can we make that will result in the improvement we seek?</p> 
WF Number:		SIP Lead Name:		SIP Lead Title:	
No.	Safety action description <small>(Enter in the form of a SMART Aims statement)</small>	Measure of performance	Action owner	Target delivery date	Planned review date
1.					
2.					
3.					
<small>(Add/remove additional lines as necessary)</small>					
SIP Completed		Divisional Review/Sign-off			Uploaded to DatixWeb:

External PSIRF training

- 75 Engagement leads
- 65 Learning Response leads
- 20 Oversight leads
- AAR conductor courses
- HSSIB training

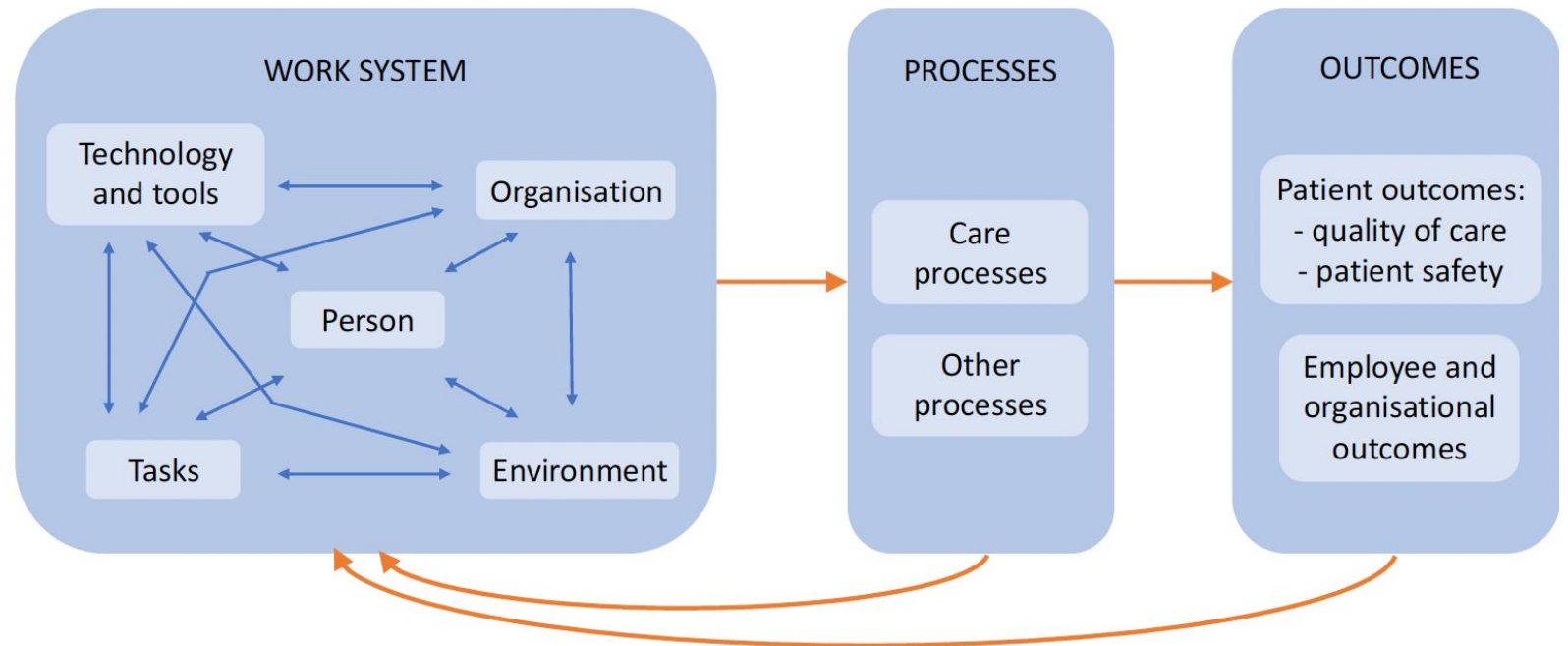
PSIRF in Practice (PIP) Course



- ✓ Over 100 staff trained at 4 trust hospitals
- ✓ Supported by leadership
- ✓ Differences between SIF and PSIRF discussed
- ✓ SWARM huddle role plays
- ✓ Co-creation of a bank of scenarios
- ✓ Live AAR practice
- ✓ PSIRF Toolkit shared
- ✓ Waiting list for the course



**SEIPS model
is in every
tool
(Systems
Engineering
Initiative for
Patient
Safety)**



CANDLE

Multi-session programme providing QI safety training for trainees and trainers

- Workshop based learning
- Supported workplace-based project
- Aligned to curricula



SAFETY TEAM TRAINING

Bringing a team together to learn

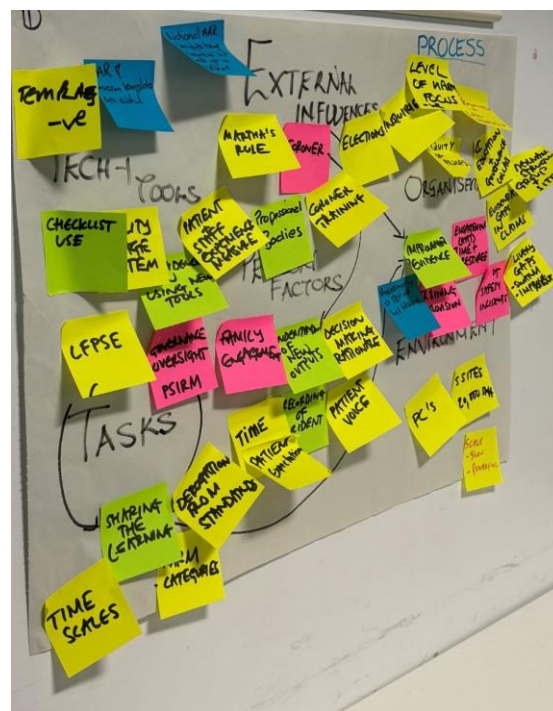
- The MDT hold the key!
- Culture eats strategy for breakfast
- NatSSIPs, Human factors



Learning Responses into Improvement work

- At macro and micro level
- Using new tools eg. SEIPs, SWIFT, IFACES
- Delivery and sustainment of improvements
- PSIRP priorities vs Evidence of Improvement

SEIPS in action



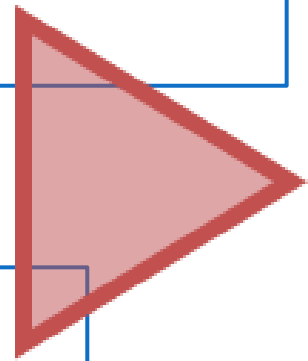
- ### Tasks
- Improvement in PSIRPs
 - Quality management system
 - Professionalisation of safety
 - Safety communications
 - Quality assessment of PSIs

- ### Organisation
- Policies and Procedures
 - Clear PSIRPs with improvement evidence
 - Board oversight and knowledge
 - Safety NED on the board
 - PSIRF metrics Structure, Process and Outcome
 - Group benchmarking
 - Roles for delivery

Internal Environment
HF design consideration

- ### Tools/Technology
- Qi approach
 - Safety toolbox
 - Linking training and QI
 - Safety dashboards
 - Intranet storage of PSIRF tools

- ### Person
- Just restorative culture
 - Involved patients
 - Involved staff
 - Psychological safety
 - Safety training and opportunity ward to board
 - PSPs and PSSs



Desired Outcomes
System Performance:
✓ Safe treatment
✓ PSIRF is meaningful

- ### External Environment
- Culture of openness and transparency
 - LFPSEs and incident reporting
 - Insight data/dashboard
 - CQC inspections
 - Coroner support
 - ICB oversight

No magic wand

Need to involve, listen and remain in the reality

Will take time to EVOLVE and for culture change

